## Solving Quadratics Graphically Reporting Category: Equations and Inequalities

## Background Information:

- $\quad$ Students will need to know how to identify a $x$-intercept and a y-intercept.
- Students will need to have experience using the $\mathrm{Y}=$ function and the table function of the graphing calculator.


## Materials and Equipment:

- Graphing calculator and view screen
- Overhead projector
- Each student will need:

Graphing calculator and handouts

## Notes to Teacher:

- In this activity students "discover" the significance of numbers in the quadratic equation.
- In this activity sheet, the equation, graph and table are ALREADY matched. You will need to make multiple copies to use this activity fully.
- In this activity students will relate the equation of a quadratic to the graph of the quadratic and to a table of values.
- Each piece of information may be used in more than one way...Suggestions:
- Copy the handout, cut up the pieces, tape each on an card, you will want to number the cards and have a "key" card so you can do a quick check of the student's mathematics.
- Each day, hand out the index cards with the tables on them, have students find equation of their own quadratic.
- Repeat the activity at the beginning of class as a quick review daily.
- Repeat the process with the graph.

Bonus
Repeat the process with the equation having the students sketch the graph or give you a table of values for the equation that they are holding. Relate the $f(x)$ to the ordinate on the graph.
Bonus
Discuss the stretching action of a GCF and how to determine if the graph has been stretched or shrunk and by what value. Discuss complex roots and why there are no real roots.

- $\quad$ Students may work alone or in pairs on this activity.
- The time allotted for this activity varies depending on the ability level of the students.

Activity Sheet：Match the quadratic equation to its graph and to its table of values．

> MIRCITIM FDFPTRT
> 人min=-1
> $\mathrm{x} \cdot \mathrm{B}=16$
> 人scl=1
> YMin=-16
> YM. $\mathrm{M}=16$
> YE. $1=1$




| $X$ | $Y_{1}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -4 | $\vdots$ |  |
| -2 | $\vdots$ |  |
| $\vdots$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| $X=$ |  |  |





| 7 | T |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -6 -1 0 | O Ó 18 |  |
| $\underline{1}=$ |  |  |



| X | T1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{5}{5}^{-5}$ | $\underbrace{0}_{0} 0$ |  |
| X= |  |  |



